

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20TH, 1886.

No. 16.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 15, 1886.

Ryan has challenged Sullivan to fight with small gloves.

The C. P. R. earnings show a great increase over last year.

The North-West Council delegation arrived in Ottawa on the 10th.

The French bark Kraljevika from Marseilles struck on Barrege shoals. Crew and vessel lost.

David Molson, a C.P. R. brakeman in Montreal, had his leg badly mutilated on the 11th.

Mr. Foxton, a young farmer of Sidney near Belleville, attempted suicide on the 12th.

The Ontario and Rainy River railway company is to be incorporated by the Ontario legislature.

Wm. Fowler, of the firm of Fowler & Son boots and shoes, Brantford, has unaccountably disappeared.

Nothing definite in regard to the troops to be sent to the North-West as recommended by Gen. Middleton.

Wallace Ross, oarsman, says that he and Plaisted will go to Australia in the fall. He believes he can beat Hanlan.

Surgeon-major Nelson of Kingston has been presented with the Egyptian Medal in recognition of his services in Egypt.

The St. Paul carnival was a great success. The Winnipeg curlers were defeated by the Wisconsin club by twenty-one points.

Another slight fall has taken place in the river at Belleville. Eighty-seven families have received financial assistance so far.

The working men had a very large demonstration at Leicester, New York. The police were called out and had to be reinforced.

Twenty-seven arrests made.

Mr. Sheppard, Grand Trunk station agent at Berlin, Ont., got his foot caught in a frog on the 12th and was run down, the train taking off a leg and an arm.

The half-breed and Indian prisoners concerned in the late rebellion, including Big Bear and Poundmaker, have been released from Manitoba penitentiary.

Horatio Seymour, twice governor of New York and in 1868 democratic candidate for president, died on the 12th at the residence of his brother-in-law, ex-senator Conkling.

A man named Bullard, of Portage la Prairie, has been arrested for having an illicit still in his possession. J. H. Ashdown, of Winnipeg, has been arrested for making the still. Judgment reserved.

The officers and men of the Toronto battalions disabled in the North-West rebellion have received their bounties. The highest paid was \$1,200 to Capt. Mason, who was shot in the groin at Batoche. The lowest was \$7 to private Forrens.

REGINA, Feb. 17, 1886.

Capt. Neale was arrested by order of Col. Irvine yesterday on a charge of having left his headquarters at Macleod without permission. Capt. Neale says that when arrested he had the Col's telegram granting him leave of absence in his pocket. Col. Irvine has gone to Ottawa. It is reported that the command of the mounted police will be placed in the hands of an imperial officer.

PRINCE ALBERT, Feb. 19, 1886.

Weather fine.

Many farmers in town are preparing to start for Qu'Appelle to bring in seed grain.

Many people here think a mistake is being made in not sending troops to the North-West immediately to give settlers confidence that peace will be maintained and so that expected immigration will not be hindered. Many are prepared to leave at the first intimation of trouble.

BATTLEFORD, Feb. 19, 1886.

Weather stormy but mild.

E. Richard left for Edmonton yesterday via Calgary to bring down potatoes and barley when the river opens.

The minister of the interior offers seed grain delivered at Swift Current. Meeting to-night to consider the offer.

Largest gathering ever held here last night at the battery entertainment in aid of the volunteer memorial fund. A great success.

The decisions of the land board in disputed claims in this locality have been made known and give general satisfaction. All bona fide farmers get whatever they asked for. Claimants to the town site have been allotted lots in proportion to the amount of improvements, from one to forty.

A. Macdonald, assignee of S. D. Mulkins, gets twenty lots for the original homestead. Land adjoining town was distributed among the occupants proportionately to improvements, chiefly at \$2 an acre.

Reports that troops were coming in have made Indians previously inclined to buck calm down and everything appears on the surface to be quiet.

CALGARY, Feb. 18, 1886.

An unsuccessful attempt was made by the sheriff to sell ex-mayor Murdoch's goods this afternoon pursuant to an execution issued by Judge Travis for non-payment of the fine imposed by him in the municipal cases some weeks ago. A crowd of about 200 persons assembled at the sale. Special constables had been sworn in to preserve order, but this was unnecessary as the crowd did not attempt to disturb the peace. No bids were made as the sympathies of the citizens were entirely with the mayor. The sheriff seeing that there were no offers declared the sale postponed for two weeks.

LOCAL.

Snow going rapidly.

COAL business slack.

SUNDAY last was Valentine's day.

WOOD sells in town at \$2.50 a cord.

PARLIAMENT meets on Thursday next.

SNOW squall on Wednesday afternoon.

DANCE at X. St. Jean's on Monday evening.

DIPHTHERIA is abating. Only one fatal case.

FRASER & Co's mill was grinding at night this week.

J. LOOBY has purchased C. W. Sutter's dwelling for \$650.

J. A. MITCHELL, Indian agent, left for Victoria on Thursday.

C. W. SUTTER left for Winnipeg on Tuesday with M. McKinnon.

AVERAGE attendance at the public school for the past week, 46.

THE millers report very much less frozen grain this year than last.

V. ANDERSON and M. McKinnon left for Calgary on Tuesday for freight.

STAGE arrived at 3:30 on Monday afternoon; P. Campbell driver. Three passengers.

THE Calgary municipal cases have been appealed to the supreme court of Canada.

THRASHING is not yet finished. Borwick & McLeod's machine is at work on the south side.

RUMORED that the Indian department will shortly call for 1,800 sacks of Edmonton flour.

TRAVELLERS from Calgary report beautiful weather, bare ground and fat cattle in that region.

ALEX. DUKE, who went to Ontario last fall, is reported to be married. He will return in the spring.

MRS. THOS. ANDERSON has recovered sufficiently from her late accident to be removed to her home.

THE police had their first ride out since the rumus on Wednesday afternoon. About 25 men were out.

THE Battle river bridge on the Calgary trail is in need of repair before spring. It has sagged to one side.

THE school assessment is completed. The total foots up to \$380,000. Personal property \$140,000, real property \$240,000.

A CALL of ten per cent on the stock subscribed has been issued by the cemetery company. Letters patent are being applied for.

COL. HERCHMER arrived by stage from Calgary on Monday to take a hand in the police muss at this post. He left by Thursday's stage.

THE work of refitting and placing new machinery in Fraser & Co's mill has been completed. Very satisfactory work is now being done.

LAMOREUX BROS. passed through town on Tuesday evening with their shingle machinery, which they are taking to their limit for use there.

J. SMITH has a contract of supplying potatoes and barley to the Indian department at points down the river. About 3,000 bushels in all.

FRANK PROVOST received the patent for his homestead last August and by last mail he received the patent for his pre-emption. Better late than never.

THE Ft. William Echo is a late newspaper venture by F. T. Graffe, who passed through Edmonton last summer as a lieutenant in the Winnipeg Light Infantry and at the same time correspondent of the Winnipeg Times. As it is the only newspaper at the lake Superior terminus of the C. P. R. it will no doubt be successful.

W. MACDONALD received by last mail from the militia department the sum of \$50, payment in full for services as a scout in April last. Count one for the department.

THE Reporter is the name of a new weekly published at Portage la Prairie; Alf. Johnston, proprietor. It opposes the Manitoba and supports the federal government.

A LARGE proportion of the poles for the telegraph contract have been cut. The contractors are satisfied that they will make a fair profit notwithstanding the low price.

CHIEF FACTOR HARDISTY left for Winnipeg on Thursday to attend the H. B. Co. trade council to be held there. He was accompanied by Mrs., Miss and Master Percy Hardisty.

A NUMBER of sleigh loads of wheat from Battle River settlement arrived at Fraser & Co's mill on Saturday and Wednesday last. Several of the samples were exceptionally good.

THE Manitoban says in regard to prohibition in the North-West: "Better operation and more satisfactory enforcement of the present law, not a change in it, is needed" Correct.

RUMORS regarding the erection of the new police barracks at Ft. Saskatchewan or Clover Bar are again current. Edmonton people should bestir themselves if they do not want to get left.

THE anti-Travis excitement in Calgary has pretty well died out. The judge evidently intends to hold the fort, as he is taking out stone for a substantial and costly dwelling to be erected in the spring.

H. H. SMITH, land commissioner for the North-West, has informed the Manitoban that he does not expect any radical changes will be made in the land regulations at the coming session of parliament.

R. McKERNAN and J. Walter returned from Calgary on Sunday evening last. They were accompanied by Mr. McKernan's brother direct from Ontario, who intends starting a shop on the south side shortly.

A PETITION to the secretary of state is being circulated asking for compensation for L. Gurneau, who was arrested last spring as a rebel, lodged in jail at Ft. Saskatchewan and afterwards released without trial.

THE meteorological report for last week ending Friday the 12th inst. is as follows: Saturday 54, 34, Sunday 34, 23; Monday 32, 20; Tuesday 29, 9; Wednesday 31, 5; Thursday 44, 12; Friday 20, 9; all above zero.

THE funeral of the youngest daughter of W. Borwick of the Lower settlement took place to the Methodist cemetery on Tuesday last. Rev. Mr. Howard conducted the services. Death was caused by diphtheria.

PRICES of grain are exceptionally low. Fifty cents is offered for oats and barley and from 75 cts. to \$1 for wheat, according to quality. Very little grain is being handled as the farmers are holding for a rise in spring.

IN calling for tenders for a supply of ice to the police at Regina the tenderer is requested to state where he is going to cut the ice. The doubt therein expressed is not complimentary either to the quality or quantity of Regina water.

THE Battleford Herald intimates that the Indians in that locality who were loyal last year are ready for an outbreak in the coming spring if any one will set the ball rolling. This speaks volumes for the management of the Indian department in the interval.

A NUMBER of hay penits have been taken out already. This is not a sign that the hay-making season is likely to commence soon but that hay land is in demand, whereby our paternal government is enabled to extract a dollar or two more from the pockets of the settler.

RUMORED that the administration of the permit system is to be taken out of the hands of the lieutenant-governor. Certainly the powers placed in hands by this system have been grossly misused; but whether or not the change will be for the better remains to be seen.

VERY little prospect of immigration from Ontario this summer. The rebellion and the exciting rumors now in circulation have put the ky-bosh on it for some time. Consequently speculation in North-West lands and town lots is likely to be a very dead duck for an indefinite period.

THE discharges of members of Steele's scouts residing here arrived by last mail. Service is dated from April 13th to July 25th. It is needless to say that the pay sheets did not date similarly. These discharges are selling in Calgary at from \$40 to \$100. They are good for strip or land grant.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KELLY'S RESTAURANT.—In rear of saloon. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

BACON.—Mild cured spiced Breakfast Bacon and Hams. No parboiling required. This lot is special, and will be sold at lowest figures for cash. DOUGLAS PETRIE, Fraser Avenue.

SABBATH SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

THURSDAY EVENING, 25TH INST.

Music, Readings, Recitations and Singing. Commence at 7:30 p.m. Admission 50 cts.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating Rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DR. LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

DR. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H. B. Co. reserve, Edmonton.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, KELLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCauley.

BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

W. R. R. WATCHMAKER. Send your watches and orders to W. R. Roberts, Calgary, or leave them at the Jasper House, Edmonton.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. ST. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

AGENCIES.

Manney Manufacturing company. Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Manney mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district, G. A. BLAKE, Belmont Farm.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FEB. 20, 1886.

WHEAT vs. MIXED FARMING.

Who does not remember when the C.P.R. was being built the changes that were rung upon the wheat growing capabilities of the North-West and how those capabilities were to be developed by the "band of steel" etc. The wheat capacity of the country was its standard of merit, and as prairie could be converted into wheat farms with greater or less facility so it was valued. No doubt the fact that the greater part of the southern plains were wheat land had a great deal to do with the determination to take the line by that route. No doubt the magnates of the company had in their mind's eye thousands of farms such as Major Bell's costly failure scattered thickly along both sides of their line from Brandon to the Rocky Mountains. Farms in which the millionaires of Europe would sink their millions and in a year or two provide unlimited traffic for the railway. In carrying out such a grand scheme as this trees and sloughs, that is wood and water, were only an impediment and were therefore avoided. Could not water be got by boring and would not the hauling of wood furnish additional traffic to the road? The land upon which the wheat would grow was there and the C.P.R. would supply the rest. At that time the honest moss-back from Ontario with a family of sons whom he desired to place advantageously in life was looked upon by both interior department and railway company as a stumbling block almost as great as the wood and water, which they so successfully avoided, would have been. For was he not everlastingly squatting on choice locations, gobbling up places where he desired to make a home, that could have been sold so much more advantageously to my lord this or his grace that to colonize it not by paltry ones or twos but by untold thousands. In process of time the company and the department had it all their own way. The moss backs who had come out imbued with the universal wheat growing craze were either finally located or driven out, and others prevented from coming or steered into Dakota on a similar wild goose idea. At the same time the English millionaires failed to connect. Perhaps the company hit his grace the Duke of Manchester a little too hard. At any rate the "amazing expanse of the most fertile wheat growing area in the known world" still lies on the company's hands, except what it has shunted back upon the government. Nobody wants it. It is not the woes of the company, however, that need engage attention. Their difficulties are quickly cleared away by government loans. It is the case of the settlers who in spite of all opposition persisted in remaining and engaging in wheat growing whose case demands sympathy. In hundreds of cases they have sunk all their money and three or four years of their time in an industry which has turned out to be uncertain and unprofitable. They have suffered from frosts which have reduced both the quantity and quality of the crop and to make matters worse the world's market price of their product has fallen so low that even were crops good it would not yield a fair profit. Of course did the settlers in southern and western Assinibolia receive the price given for it say in Montreal they could live, but when the buyer's profits and heavy freight charges are paid their prices are reduced below a living rate. And when in this state what relief is offered them? Does the C.P.R. reduce the rate of transport on their grain? Not much. Does the federal government reduce the duty on agricultural implements, machinery and lumber, thereby reducing the cost of the crop? Not any. Does the territorial government charter railways which by competition would increase the possibility of profit? Still less, for it has not the power. No; the remedy offered by Mr. Van Horne for the C.P.R., by Mr. White for the federal and Mr. Dewdney for the local government is "Cease depending on your wheat and go

into mixed farming." Mixed farming, indeed, on prairie as bare and dry as the palm of a man's hand for hundreds of miles. A brilliant prospect, truly, but the best that the three great powers—the trinity as it were—can offer. They say in effect: "Don't depend on us any longer; depend on yourselves." This advice, which is irony now, would have been good had it been given at the right time, when these settlers had their money and means about them and were in a position to choose their locations. Had they then desired to go into mixed farming instead of locating on dry, bare prairie they would have gone further from the railroad to where, besides good land, wood, water and hay—the great necessities of mixed farming—were abundant; and their choice would have been far wiser than it was.

The difference between a wheat farmer on the prairie near a railroad and the mixed farmer in the park country without the railroad is this: The wheat farmer's whole product is turned into cash each year; but having everything to buy, including meat, groceries, firewood and building material, and besides to pay cash for a large proportionate amount of labor employed in raising the crop, he must also pay out a large amount of cash. His profit is the difference between his sales and purchases, and depends on the yield and price of his wheat. Whether the crop is good or bad the cash outlay is the same. One or two years of bad crops or low prices can hardly fail to leave the wheat farmer afoot, so that he cannot hold on for better times. With the mixed farmer in the park country his cash receipts are smaller but so is his outlay. His firewood fencing and building costs him only his own labor. He has plenty of pasturage and hay for his stock which require no cultivation. As he does not depend upon grain he does not have to go to such an outlay in breaking land and buying expensive machinery. His store goods cost him more than on the railroad line, but with milk, butter, eggs, chickens, pork, mutton, beef, flour and garden stuff of his own, and no hired help, he does not require to purchase as much as the wheat farmer. Living within himself to a very great extent he does not sell nearly as much as the wheat farmer but has a far greater proportion of profit on what he does sell. Besides, he is not compelled to sell unless the market suits him, and loss on any one or two products does not necessarily mean ruin. The wheat farmer takes chances on frost, smut, rust, midge, weevil, buyers' combinations and railroad squeezes, any one of which may defeat his best efforts. The mixed farmer if suitably located takes no chances but on his own energy, perseverance and business ability. His is a waiting game, but his chance of winning is as two to one to that of the wheat farmer.

NOTICE.—The undersigned will settle all accounts against the Edmonton agricultural association on application at his office. M. McCauley, President.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The undersigned has a limited amount of money to loan on good security. GEO. A. WATSON.

ESTRAY.—A small Black Bull; 2 years old No brand. Came on the premises of the subscriber in October last. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take him away. JAS. LAUDER.

LOST.—From our band in October last a *bleu* foal, year-and-half old, no brand. Finder is requested to leave word as to whereabouts at BULLETIN office or return to the undersigned. LAMOUREUX BROS.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property, will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

LOST.—A yearling bull, two years old in spring, dark red, with a few white spots on side, branded "XII" on both horns. Finder is requested to leave information as to whereabouts at BULLETIN office or return to the undersigned. F. PAGERIE, Horse Hill Plain.

TO THE FRONT.

In order to make room for large spring importations,

GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER,

COMPRISING

DRY GOODS,
HATS & CAPS,
(Large Lot Just Received)
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
MENS, BOYS, & CHILDRENS,

CROCKERY,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES
GROCERIES.

In this line we are carrying a full assortment, and would call special attention to our

No. 1 GILT EDGE CREAMERY

BUTTER,

IN

KEGS, 1-KEGS, & PAILS.

Goods arriving weekly with all the latest Delicacies and very newest styles and

EVERYBODY WONDERS at the

LOW PRICES.

FOR SUCH SPLENDID GOODS.

Terms Cash.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

Look out for our Spring Advertisement.

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Begin to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY.

St. Albert Road.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MCINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES,

GRANITE IRON-WARE,

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE,

CANADIAN & AMERICAN COAL OIL.

More goods to arrive shortly.

BROWN & CURRY

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Begin to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY

LITERARY CLUB.

The meeting of the literary club on Tuesday evening was well attended, the president in the chair. After the adoption of the minutes of the previous meeting a discussion took place on article four of the constitution, which provides that new members shall be admitted on a two-thirds vote of the members present. On motion of A. Dawson the rule was suspended for the evening.

The programme consisted of a reading, The Spirit of Contradiction, by Douglas Petrie; song, La-de-da, by A. Dawson; and a song by Mrs. Thos. Henderson. The debate was to decide the question, "Is a good looking, good natured, lazy wife preferable to a cross, homely but clever one?" The affirmative was supported by Messrs. Dawson, D. Petrie and M. McKinley. The negative by Thos. Edmundson and Joseph Hogarth. Decision in favor of the negative. Votes of thanks were given to the volunteers who had taken part in the programme, Mrs. Thos. Henderson and M. McKinley.

POISONS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1885 respecting poisons provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to put out poison in any place in the North-West Territories except in accordance with the terms of a license obtained from a justice of the peace. When a justice is satisfied that it is advisable to put out poison for the destruction of wild animals he may grant a license to any person to put out poison for that purpose, stating in the license the number of places where such poison shall be placed. Such license shall not be for a longer period than six months and shall not extend beyond the limits of the judicial district in which the justice resides. The license fee shall be one dollar. Persons convicted of infractions of the ordinance shall be liable to \$100 fine with costs, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months; the informer to get half the fine.

It appears that beer, not whiskey, was the third party in the row at the Long Lake Hotel alluded to last week, in which one of the men engaged had his nose cut open by a knife. It is about time this beer business was looked into a little more closely by the authorities. While the beer brewed here is theoretically not intoxicating, practically it sometimes is. There is very little use in barring out whiskey if people are allowed to get drunk on beer. The evil effects as indicated by this row, and other circumstances patent to every resident of at least this part of the territories, are the same. When men import whiskey under permit they may indulge in an occasional whoop up, but they cannot sink to the sordid level possible if the door of the beer saloon is always open to them. The alleged beer formerly brewed here certainly was not intoxicating, and very little harm could result from allowing any person who so desired to insult his stomach with it. The chances were that the more he drank the more he would dislike it, but when the intoxicating principle is allowed to be introduced the case is different. Whether the intoxicant is called beer, ale, wine, brandy, whiskey, alcohol or coffin varnish the result is contrary to the welfare of the individual and the community. Whether the present prohibitory law is good, bad or indifferent, as long as it is the law it is in the general interest that it should be enforced. When any law is allowed to become lax a percentage of advantage is thrown on the side of the less law-abiding portion of the community. For while a responsible and law-abiding citizen will not take the risk of breaking the law the irresponsible or lawless will. In the case of this beer a man keeping a reputable house, whether saloon or hotel but especially the latter, cannot afford to take the same chances in selling strong beer that his neighbor with less at stake in reputation or money can. Those who drink naturally go where they get the strongest liquor, and as a consequence the more reputable house loses custom which if there is any right in the matter is its by right. In fairness to all parties, if we are to have a prohibitory law let it be one in fact and not a sham. As it is a premium not a penalty is put upon infractions of the law.

The Regina Leader charges the North-West colonization companies with influencing the government against reducing the price of pre-emption to \$1 an acre—the price at which they receive their land from the government. It says: "The farmers throughout the length and breadth of the land have given their stamp to our policy, and we have no fear the colonization companies or their agents will succeed in their machinations. Can more despicable characters be imagined than those of men who in order to add to their own pile would drag the last dollar and the last drop of sweat out of thousands of poor, honest, hard-working men? And this not to swell their own pile directly! No; but to swell the government treasury from the leanness of thousands of little pocket-books in the pockets of pioneer farmers." This is especially emphatic coming from the organ of both local and federal governments.

The Bell farm war claims were \$34,000 not \$340,000 as our telegram said some weeks ago.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating Rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DE LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

DR. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

HOTELS.

KELLY'S RESTAURANT.—In rear of saloon. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, KELLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCAULEY.

BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

W. R. R., WATCHMAKER. Send your watches and orders to W. R. Roberts, Calgary, or leave them at the Jasper House, Edmonton.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. ST. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

AGENCIES.

Massey Manufacturing company. Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district, G. A. BLAKE, Belmont Farm.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton. Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., B.D. Sabbath services at Edmonton, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 2.30 p.m. Belmont: Feb. 7, 21, March 7, 21, April 4, 18. Sturgeon: Feb. 28, March 28, April 25. Clover Bar: Feb. 14, March 14, April 11. Ft. Saskatchewan: Feb. 7, March 7, April 4. No morning service at Edmonton on the days on which services held at Fort Saskatchewan.

WHIP FOUND. Apply at this office.

SLEIGHS FOR SALE.—Heavy. For lumbermen's use. Apply to J. Smith or K. A. McLEOD.

NOTICE—PAY UP.—All parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and settle, or arrange for a settlement, of their accounts. SANDERSON & LOOBY.

SINCLAIR & CO. ESTATE.—All accounts due the above estate not settled before the 1st of March next will be placed in court for collection. DONALD FRASER, assignee, per W. S. ROBERTSON, receiver.

FURS AND SKINS.

I will pay the highest Cash Price for Furs and Skins. Send for price list. G. W. GOERNFLO, Hamilton, Canada.

THE HERMITAGE SCHOOL.

Arrangements are made to receive pupils for board and instruction at the Hermitage in September. Parents wishing to secure admission for their children may at once address the Rev'd Canon Newton.

FOUND.

Two Horses—a grey and a black—between the Eye hill and the Nose. Supposed to have been astray since the fall of 1885.

These horses are now in my possession and will be delivered to owners on their proving property and paying expenses. SAM'L B. LUCAS.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the hour of 10 a.m. on Tuesday the 23rd of February, 1886, for the building of a fence around part of the Methodist Mission property. Length of fence 116 rods. Style can be ascertained on application to the Methodist parsonage. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JOHN H. HOWARD.

BATTLE RIVER AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

TUESDAY, THE 9TH OF MARCH NEXT,

FOR

800 bushels Early Rose Potatoes and 500 bushels of Barley,

To be delivered in Battleford not later than the 10th of May next.

The seed must be unmixed, sound and fit for seed.

WM. LAURIE, Sec'y-Treas.

Battleford, Jan. 20th, 1886.

J. BANNERMAN,

CALGARY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

FLOUR, FEED and PROVISION STORE.

ORDERS FROM EDMONTON Promptly attended to.

My wholesale prices are less than Winnipeg to-day. I buy for cash and by the car load, and can defy the Prairie City.

Remember the stand, OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, Calgary. J. BANNERMAN.

COAL & BRICK.

COAL,

Free from Snow and Dirt, delivered to any place in town for \$3.75 a ton.

BRICK.

I am now getting up a large quantity of clay to winter for next summer's operations, and having purchased a first class press machine, intend making a superior quality of brick suitable for the finest fronts and equal to any face brick now made.

PARTIES

Requiring such an article will find it to their advantage to place their orders now.

W. HUMBERTSTONE.



CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twenty-seven and intitled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General, sells or gives, or, in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know Ye that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

IN WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

NOTICE.



Claims of Half-Breeds and Original White Settlers, Province of Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of the allotment of the 1,400,000 acres of land set apart under the Manitoba Act to extinguish the Indian title of the Children of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the Province of Manitoba, on the 15th July 1870, a large number of additional claimants have come and some are still coming forward with the evidence necessary to prove that they are children of Half-Breed heads of families and were residents in the province of Manitoba at the date mentioned.

And Whereas, the 1,400,000 acres set apart under the Manitoba Act as aforesaid have been exhausted by such allotment, and by Order in Council, dated the 20th of April, 1885 it has been decided to extinguish such additional claims known as "Supplementary Claims," by an issue of \$240.00 in scrip to each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the said Province on the date mentioned, and the "Original White Settlers," and the children of such settlers, as defined in the said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip to the extent of \$160.00.

And Whereas, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has deemed it expedient to limit the time within which all claims of the nature above specified may be presented; therefore

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the authority contained in the Order in Council above mentioned, bearing date the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by virtue of the provisions of the said order in Council, and the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, to "Half-Breed" and "Original White Settlers" scrip that are not filed on or before the 1st day of May, 1886, with the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, together with the necessary proof thereof, shall cease and determine.

By Order, A. M. BURGESS, Deputy Minister of the Interior. Department of the Interior. Ottawa, May 22nd, 1886.

LOCAL.

The North-West Central railway is applying to parliament for an extension of the time allowed for the construction of the first 50 miles of the road. This does not look as though there was any immediate prospect of Battleford securing communication by that line at an early date.

The assessment notices of the Edmonton school district have been issued. Court of revision sits in the school house on March 13th at 10 a.m. Until the sitting of the court of revision the assessment roll is open to the inspection of ratepayers at the office of the secretary, C. F. Strang.

A PETITION to the minister of justice to have ex-councillor Clark released from jail is being circulated in Calgary. Had those who were making such a rumpus about Mr. Clark's case believed that he was wrongfully imprisoned, and been half as anxious for his release as they were to make capital out of his imprisonment, they would not have been so long in preparing this petition and starting it around.

PRINCE ALBERT farmers are to receive government assistance in seed grain as follows: Wheat 6,638 bushels, oats 6,842 bushels, barley 4,520 bushels; the grain to be delivered at Qu'Appelle on the 20th of February and be freighted thence to Prince Albert. Repayment is to be made between November 1st, 1886, and Feb. 1st, 1887, the government taking security on the settlers' land or other property.

It is high time that the post office department provided some means for the forwarding of mail matter to Victoria and Lac la Biche. The mail to these points is large and important, and yet has to depend on chance for being forwarded. This is not creditable to the department. The cost of a mail once in three weeks each way would not be more than \$1,000 a year. The distance to Lac la Biche is about 175 miles.

As a rule Prince Albert is of course immeasurably behind Edmonton, but in the management of its school affairs it is a little ahead. That district was the 4th organized but owing to the rebellion it was not got into operation until July last. Its annual meeting was held on Jan. 7th at which the teacher, trustees and treasurer made reports as provided by ordinance. The treasurer's report showed \$1,263 received and \$768 due; total \$2,031. Paid out, \$1,213, due by district \$865; Total \$1778.

The news of the release of the Indian prisoners from Manitoba penitentiary was a surprise to most people here. The release of the half-breeds was expected but not that of the Indians. The difference between the two classes of prisoners was very neatly stated by the Montreal Star some time ago thus: The offence of the half-breeds was against Canada, that of the Indians was against mankind at large. The half-breeds were political prisoners, the Indians—especially Big Bear—were simply murderers.

The assertion that in this country the rabbits die off every seventh year is not borne out by the facts. Eight years ago they were very numerous. They then took a disease which reduced their numbers to almost nothing. Since then they have steadily increased and last winter they were expected to die off. Very many did so and of the same disease that had affected them seven years before, but without diminishing their total number to any very great extent. This winter they are numerous as ever and have no disease.

The editor of the Calgary Herald was committed to jail by Judge Travis in default of payment of a fine imposed for contempt of court. After an imprisonment of several weeks he was released and his fine remitted by the minister of justice. While congratulating Mr. Cayley on his happy release, the BULLETIN would like to know if this is to be regarded as a precedent for future cases wherein judges are abused by editors, or will it only apply where the sons of senators or other honorables are concerned. This is an important question to newspaper men—especially those who have not the bump of veneration for constituted authority abnormally developed.

The eight police prisoners arrested on the 9th inst. for making mutinous disturbance at Edmonton were sentenced to one year's imprisonment and fined one month's pay each by Supt. Oriesbach on Tuesday last. Carney, the man arrested on a charge of inciting the prisoners to break out on the night of their arrest, was released. Fifteen of the prisoners will start for Regina on Tuesday next. The other two, whose sentences are for six months will remain at Edmonton. A detachment of 25 men from Regina is now at Calgary to reinforce this post, and will start north on Tuesday, meeting the prisoners at the Blind Man and coming in by the teams which take the prisoners out.

DEATH.

BORWICK.—On Monday the 15th inst., at 2 a.m., Ann, daughter of W. Borwick, aged 6 years and 8 months.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, February 19th, 1886. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	1	-8
Sunday,	-12	-21
Monday,	27	-24
Tuesday,	44	23
Wednesday,	41	31
Thursday,	27	24
Friday,	48	30

Barometer falling, 27.610

TO THE FRONT.

In order to make room for large spring importations,

GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER,

COMPRISING

DRY GOODS, HATS & CAPS, (Large Lot Just Received) READY-MADE CLOTHING,

MENS, BOYS, & CHILDRENS,

CROCKERY, HARDWARE, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES.

In this line we are carrying a full assortment, and would call special attention to our

No. 1 GILT EDGE CREAMERY

BUTTER,

IN

KEGS, ½-KEGS, & PAILS.

Goods arriving weekly with all the latest Delicacies and very newest styles and

EVERYBODY WONDERS at the

LOW PRICES.

FOR SUCH SPLENDID GOODS.

Terms Cash.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

Look out for our Spring Advertisement.

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Reg to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE
making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MCINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES,

GRANITE IRON-WARE,

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE,

ADIAN & AMERICAN COAL OIL.

More goods to arrive shortly.

BROWN & CURRY

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Reg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY



CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twenty-seven and intituled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know Ye that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited. And that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

IN WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.
JOHN A. MACDONALD,
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

NOTICE.



Claims of Half-Breeds and Original White Settlers, Province of Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of the allotment of the 1,400,000 acres of land set apart under the Manitoba Act to extinguish the Indian title of the Children of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the Province of Manitoba, on the 15th July 1870, a large number of additional claimants have come and some are still coming forward with the evidence necessary to prove that they are children of Half-Breed heads of families and were residents in the province of Manitoba at the date mentioned.

And Whereas, the 1,400,000 acres set apart under the Manitoba Act as aforesaid have been exhausted by such allotment, and by Order in Council, dated the 20th of April, 1885 it has been decided to extinguish such additional claims known as "Supplementary Claims," by an issue of \$240.00 in scrip to each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the said Province on the date mentioned, and the "Original White Settlers," and the children of such settlers, as defined in the said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip to the extent of \$160.00.

And Whereas, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has deemed it expedient to limit the time within which all claims of the nature above specified may be presented; therefore

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the authority contained in the Order in Council above mentioned, bearing date the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by virtue of the provisions of the said order in Council, and the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, to "Half-Breed" and "Original White settlers" scrip that are not filed on or before the 1st day of May, 1886, with the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, together with the necessary proof thereof, shall cease and determine.

By Order, A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, May 22nd, 1885.